

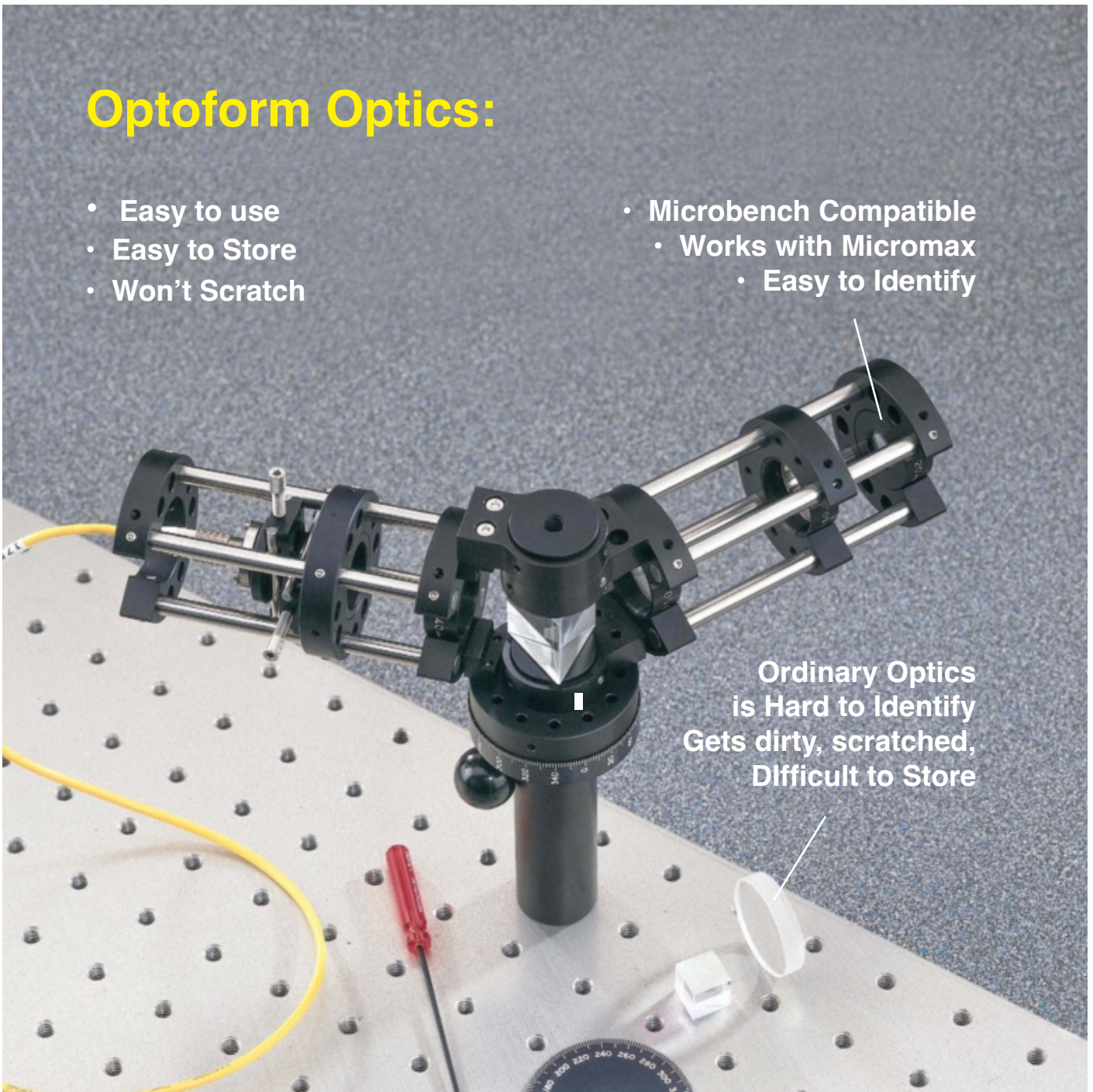
# Optoform

Mounted Optics 25, 30, 60

Optoform Mounted Optics  
How our Mounted Optics Works  
Build without limits  
Ophthalmic Applications

## Optoform Optics:

- Easy to use
- Easy to Store
- Won't Scratch
- Microbench Compatible
- Works with Micromax
- Easy to Identify



Be Different. Think Different. Do it with Taste. Make it a Better Product

## Expandable Mechanics built into every Lens Cell

### Mounted Optics 6 ~ 50.8 mm

All our 25 mm lens mounts have standard M23.2 X 0.75 thread so they could be added onto end of tubing, or just combined together. 30 mm Lens cells utilize M28x0.8 thread, and it's M54x0.8 for 60 mm Lens cells.



<b>25-282</b>	Retaining ring <b>22.4 mm</b> , set of 2
25-284	Retaining ring 20 mm, set of 2
<b>25-286</b>	Retaining ring <b>19 mm</b> , set of 2
25-288	Retaining ring 18 mm, set of 2
<b>25-290</b>	Retaining ring <b>15 mm</b> , set of 2
25-292	Retaining ring 12.7 mm, set of 2
<b>25-294</b>	Retaining ring <b>12.5 mm</b> , set of 2
25-296	Retaining ring 12 mm, set of 2
<b>25-298</b>	Retaining ring <b>10 mm</b> , set of 2
25-300	Retaining ring 8 mm, set of 2
<b>25-302</b>	Retaining ring <b>6.5 mm</b> , set of 2
25-304	Retaining ring 6 mm, set of 2

<b>25-254</b>	Lens mount <b>22.4 mm</b> , L = 12
25-256	Lens mount 22.4 mm, L = 10
<b>25-258</b>	Lens mount <b>22.4 mm</b> , L = 6 mm
25-260	Lens mount 20 mm, L = 10
<b>25-262</b>	Lens mount <b>19 mm</b>
25-264	Lens mount 18 mm
<b>25-266</b>	Lens mount <b>15 mm</b>
25-268	Lens mount 12.7 mm
<b>25-269</b>	Corner cube mount <b>25/12.7 mm</b>
25-270	Lens mount 12.5 mm
<b>25-272</b>	Lens mount <b>12 mm</b>
25-274	Lens mount 10 mm
<b>25-276</b>	Lens mount <b>8 mm</b>
25-278	Lens mount 6.5 mm
<b>25-280</b>	Lens mount <b>6 mm</b>



## Mounting Optics

Retaining rings with standard thread M23.2 X 0.75 allow mounting any length of cylindrical optical elements between 6 to 50.8 mm in diameter inside Micromax tubing. Normally, the clearance aperture is the diameter of the lens minus 1 mm. Various cross connectors are shown below for Micromax 25, and 30 tubing, and standard microscope objective W0.8 x 1/36 thread. All Micromax tubing and accessories are cross compatible via various threaded interconnects.



25-314

Tube 25 F to Tube 25 F



25-332

Tube 25 F to W0.8x1/36 F



30-306

Tube 25 F to Tube 25 F

25-331



Tube 25 F to W0.8x1/36 M

30-422

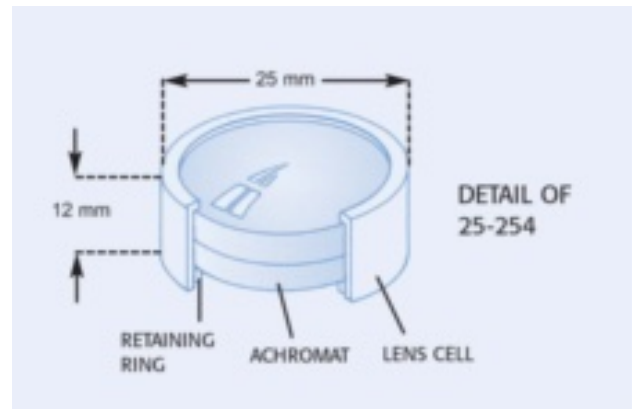
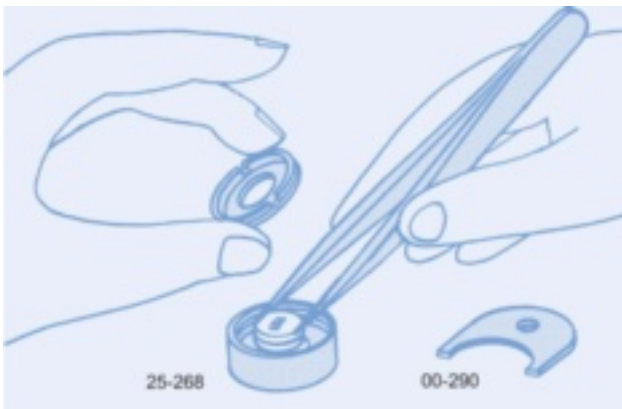


Tube 30 F to Tube 25 M

30-426



Tube 30 F to Tube 30 F



### Micromax 25:

Standard 23.2 mm optics wrench 00-290 fits all mounted optics from 6 mm to 22.4 mm in diameter.

## Plano Convex

### 20-000 PCX $f = 10$ , mount 25

Plano Convex  $f = 10$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 5 mm  
BK7



### 20-002 PCX $f = 15$ , mount 25

Plano Convex  $f = 15$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 9 mm  
BK7



### 20-004 DCX $f = 20$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 20$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 11.5 mm  
BK7



### 20-006 PCX $f = 25$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 25$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 11.5 mm  
BK7



### 20-008 PCX $f = 30$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 30$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
BK7



### 20-010 PCX $f = 40$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 40$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



### 20-012 PCX $f = 50$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 50$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



### 20-014 PCX $f = 60$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 60$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



### 20-016 PCX $f = 80$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 80$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



### 20-020 PCX $f = 100$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 100$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



### 20-022 PCX $f = 150$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 150$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



### 20-024 PCX $f = 200$ , mount 25

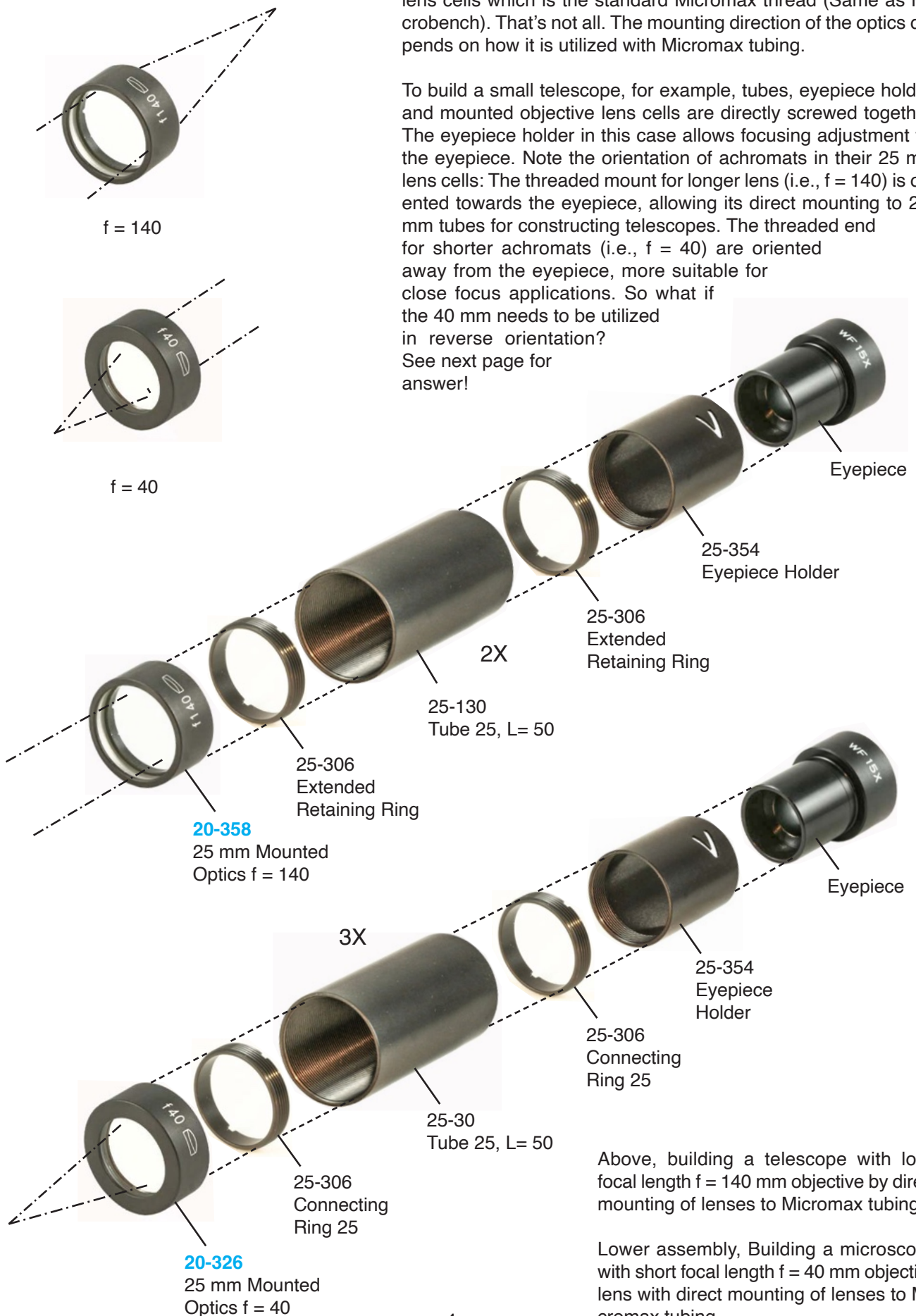
Double Convex  $f = 200$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



## Mounting Direction of Achromats

Our mounted optics has direct connection with Micromax mounts, and support tubes. We employ the 23.2X0.75 in all our 25 mm lens cells which is the standard Micromax thread (Same as Microbench). That's not all. The mounting direction of the optics depends on how it is utilized with Micromax tubing.

To build a small telescope, for example, tubes, eyepiece holder, and mounted objective lens cells are directly screwed together. The eyepiece holder in this case allows focusing adjustment for the eyepiece. Note the orientation of achromats in their 25 mm lens cells: The threaded mount for longer lens (i.e.,  $f = 140$ ) is oriented towards the eyepiece, allowing its direct mounting to 25 mm tubes for constructing telescopes. The threaded end for shorter achromats (i.e.,  $f = 40$ ) are oriented away from the eyepiece, more suitable for close focus applications. So what if the 40 mm needs to be utilized in reverse orientation? See next page for answer!



Above, building a telescope with long focal length  $f = 140$  mm objective by direct mounting of lenses to Micromax tubing.

Lower assembly, Building a microscope with short focal length  $f = 40$  mm objective lens with direct mounting of lenses to Micromax tubing.

## Biconvex

### 20-104 BCX $f = 26$ , mount 25

Plano Convex  $f = 10$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 9 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7, Fat lens centered in special mount.



### 20-106 BCX $f = 12.5$ , mount 25

Plano Convex  $f = 12.5$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 11.5 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7, Fat lens centered in special mount.



### 20-108 BCX $f = 16$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 16$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7, Thick fat lens centered in special mount threaded on both sides.



### 20-110 BCX $f = 20$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 15$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7, Fat lens centered in special mount.



### 20-112 BCX $f = 25$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 30$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7, Fat lens centered in special mount.



### 20-116 BCX $f = 30$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 40$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7, Fat lens centered in special mount



### 20-118 BCX $f = 40$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 50$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



### 20-120 BCX $f = 50$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 60$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



### 20-122 BCX $f = 60$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 60$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



### 20-124 BCX $f = 80$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 80$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



### 20-126 BCX $f = 100$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 100$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



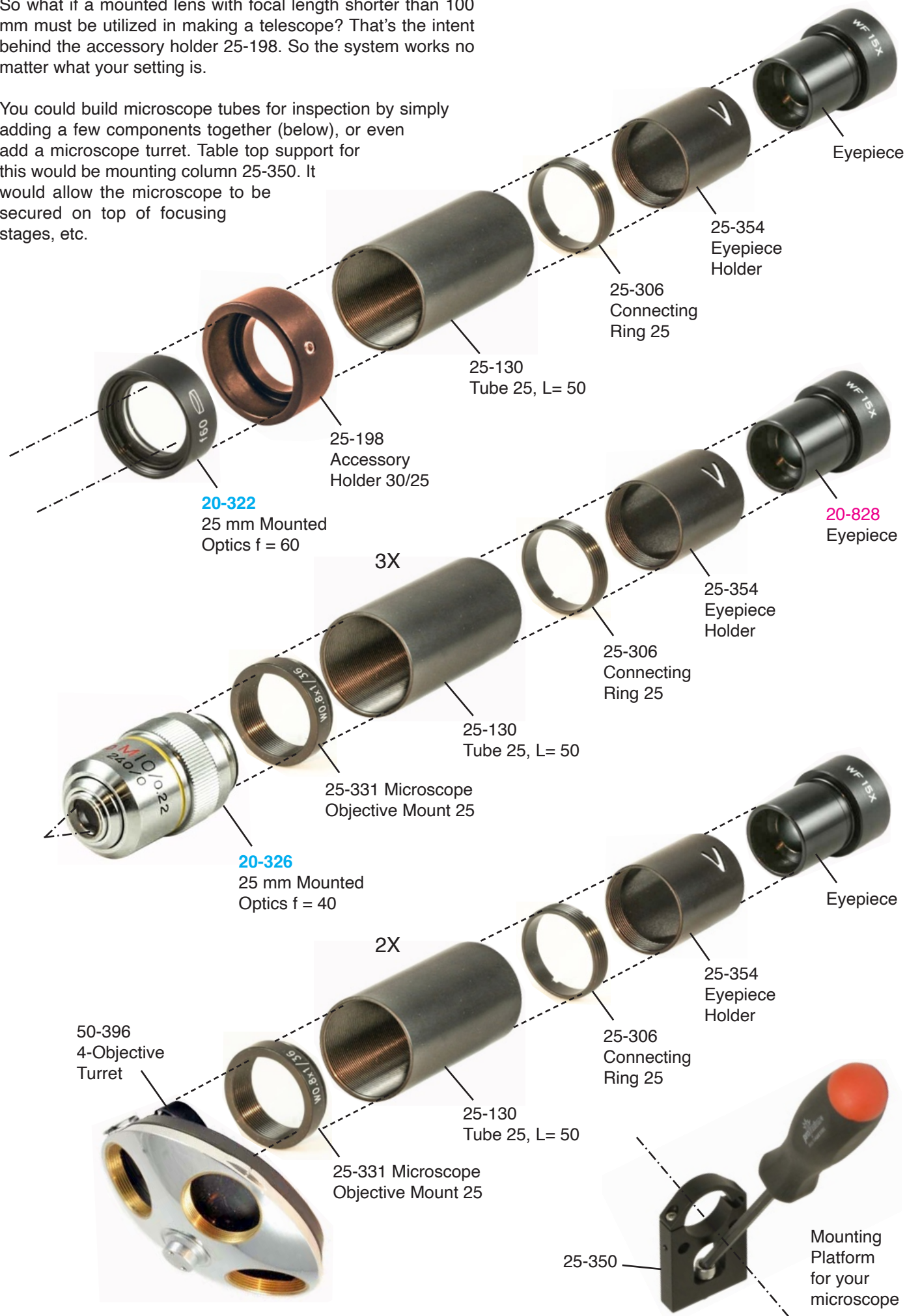
### 20-128 BCX $f = 150$ , mount 25

Double Convex  $f = 150$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



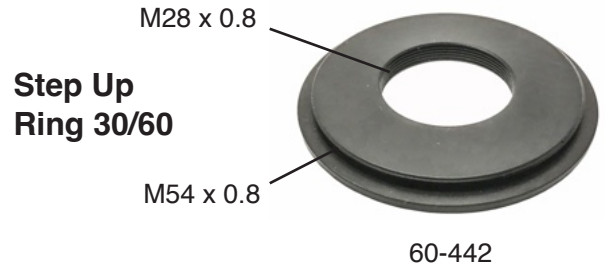
So what if a mounted lens with focal length shorter than 100 mm must be utilized in making a telescope? That's the intent behind the accessory holder 25-198. So the system works no matter what your setting is.

You could build microscope tubes for inspection by simply adding a few components together (below), or even add a microscope turret. Table top support for this would be mounting column 25-350. It would allow the microscope to be secured on top of focusing stages, etc.



**20-130 BCX f = 200, mount 25**

Plano Convex f = 200 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



**Plano Concave**

**20-202 PCC f = -10, mount 25**

Plano Convex f = -10 mm  
Clear Aperture = 9 mm  
BK7



**20-204 PCC f = -30, mount 25**

Double Convex f = -30 mm  
Clear Aperture = 22.4 mm  
BK7



**20-206 PCC f = -40, mount 25**

Double Convex f = -40 mm  
Clear Aperture = 22.4 mm  
BK7



**20-208 PCC f = -50, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 30 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-210 PCC f = -100, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 40 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-212 PCC f = -150, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 150 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**Biconcave**

**20-232 BCC f = -20, mount 25**

Double Convex f = -20 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-234 BCC f = -30, mount 25**

Double Convex f = -30 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-236 BCC f = -40, mount 25**

Double Convex f = -40 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-238 BCC f = -50, mount 25**

Double Convex f = -50 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-240 BCC f = -100, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 100 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**20-130 BCC f = 150, mount 25**

Plano Convex f = -150 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
BK7



**Condenser Lenses**

**20-250 Asph f = 18, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 18 mm  
Clear Aperture = 22.4 mm  
Single Retaining Ring  
Pyrex



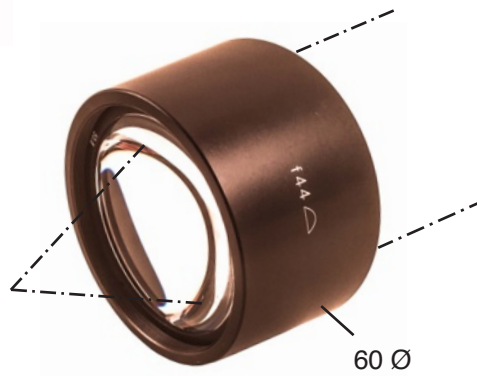
**20-252 Asph f = 25, mount 30**

Double Convex f = 25 mm  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
Single Retaining Ring  
Pyrex



**20-254 Asph f = 44, mount 60**

Double Convex f = 44 mm  
Clear Aperture = 48 mm  
Double Retaining Ring provides space for adding additional elements or diffusion plates via retaining rings 60-422/ -426/ -428.  
Pyrex



**Cylindrical Lenses**

**20-288 CYL f = 1.2, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 1.2 mm  
Clear Aperture = 1.6 x 10 mm  
BK7



**20-290 CYL f = 5, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 5 mm  
Clear Aperture = 5 mm  
BK7



**20-292 CYL f = 10, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 10 mm  
Clear Aperture = 9.5 mm  
BK7



**20-296 CYL f = 40, mount 25**

Double Convex f = 40 mm  
Clear Aperture = 15 mm  
BK7



**Achromats**

**20-314 ACH f = 10, mount 25**

Achromat f = 10 mm  
Clear Aperture = 5 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



**20-316 ACH f = 16, mount 25**

Achromat f = 16 mm  
Clear Aperture = 7 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



## Achromats

### 20-318 ACH $f = 20$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 20$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 5 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-320 ACH $f = 25$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 25$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 9 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-322 ACH $f = 30$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 30$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 11.5 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-324 ACH $f = 35$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 35$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 11.5 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-326 ACH $f = 40$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 40$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-328 ACH $f = 50$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 50$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-330 ACH $f = 50$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 50$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-332 ACH $f = 60$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 60$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-334 ACH $f = 60$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 60$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-336 ACH $f = 60$ , mount 30

Achromat  $f = 60$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-338 ACH $f = 80$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 80$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-340 ACH $f = 80$ , mount 25

Achromat  $f = 80$  mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



## Achromats

### 20-342 ACH f = 80, mount 30

Achromat f = 80 mm  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-346 ACH f = 100, mount 25

Achromat f = 100 mm  
Clear Aperture = 17 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-348 ACH f = 100, mount 25

Achromat f = 100 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-350 ACH f = 100, mount 30

Achromat f = 100 mm  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-356 ACH f = 120, mount 25

Achromat f = 120 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



### 20-358 ACH f = 140, mount 25

Achromat f = 140 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible  
BK7



### 20-362 ACH f = 200, mount 25

Achromat f = 200 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-366 ACH f = 200, mount 30

Achromat f = 200 mm  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-370 ACH f = 300, mount 30

Achromat f = 300 mm  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### 20-374 ACH f = 500, mount 25

Achromat f = 500 mm  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
AR Coating: Visible



### Easier Rotary Adjustments

Left, optics handling ring 25-200 may be added to cylindrical lenses, polarizers, or slits for convenient rotation, and better accessibility in tight assemblies.

## Color Filters

### 20-702 UV UG1, mount 25

UV filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-708 Blue BG7, mount 25

Dark Blue filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-710 Blue BG23, mount 25

Medium Blue filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-714 Green BG18, mount 25

Blue-Green filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-716 Green VG9, mount 25

Dark Green filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-718 Yellow GG475, mnt 25

Yellow filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-722 Red OG590, mount 25

Pale Red filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-724 Red RG610, mount 25

Medium Red  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-728 IR RG780, mount 25

IR 780 nm filter  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm



### 20-730 IR RG850, mount 25

IR 850 nm filter  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm



### 20-640 Heat Abs KG-1, mnt 25

Heat Absorbing Filter KG-1  
Clear Aperture = 21.4 mm  
For Halogen Lamp heat absorption.



### 20-642 Heat Abs KG-1, mnt 30

Heat Absorbing Filter KG-1  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
For Halogen Lamp heat absorption.



## Prism Work



**20-400 Beamsplitter Prism**  
12.7 x 12.7 x 12.7 mm

**20-402 Beamsplitter Prism**  
20 x 20 x 20 mm

**20-404 Beamsplitter Prism**  
25 x 25 x 25 mm

**20-420 Right Angle Prism**  
20 x 20 mm

**20-422 Right Angle Prism**  
25 x 25 mm

Works with Microptic 50, and  
Microptic 40.

**20-430 Corner Cube, mount 25**

Corner Cube Prism  
Clear Aperture = 11.7 mm  
AR coating: Visible

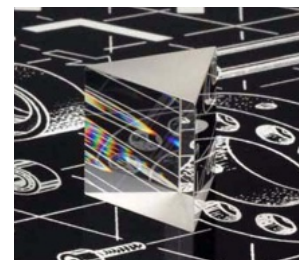
Works with Microptic 50, and  
Microptic 40.



**20-412 Equilateral Prism**  
20 x 20 x 20 mm

**20-414 Equilateral Prism**  
25 x 25 x 25 mm

Works with Microptic 50, and  
Microptic 40,



**20-426 Littrow Prism**

Littrow Prism  
20 x 20 mm  
Intended for Microptic 50, and  
Microptic 40, works with shift  
corner connector 50-188 to pro-  
vide 60° Inclined viewing.



**20-432 Corner Cube, mount 30**

Corner Cube Prism  
Clear Aperture = 24 mm  
AR coating: Visible

Works with Microptic 50, and  
Microptic 40.



## Mirrors

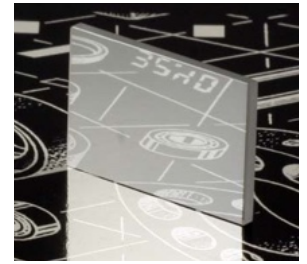
### 20-440 Front Surface Mirror

Protected Aluminum Coating  
25 x 38 x 5 mm  
For Tilt stage 50-352  
Works with Microptic 50, and  
Microptic 40.



### 20-442 Front Surface Mirror

Protected Aluminum Coating  
25 x 38 x 2 mm  
For Tilt stage 50-352  
Works with Microptic 50, and Mi-  
croptic 40.



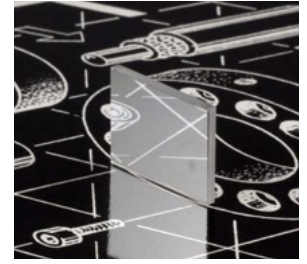
### 20-444 Front Surface Mirror

Protected Aluminum Coating  
12.5 x 18 x 5 mm  
For Micromax 25/30 System



### 20-446 Front Surface Mirror

Protected Aluminum Coating  
12.5 x 18 x 2 mm  
For Micromax 25/30 System



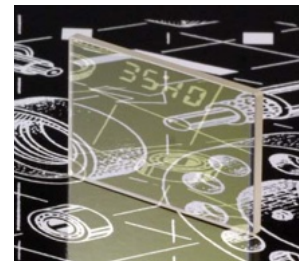
### 20-450 Beamsplitter Plate

Beamsplitter Mirror 50/50  
12.5 x 18 x 2 mm  
For Tilt stage 50-352  
Works with Microptic 50, and Mi-  
croptic 40.



### 20-452 Beamsplitter Plate

Beamsplitter Mirror 50/50  
25 x 38 x 2 mm  
For Micromax 25 System



### 20-470 Elliptical Mirror

12.7 x 18 x 3.2  
Clear Aperture = 12.7 mm  
Protected Aluminum Coating  
For Micromax 45 Deg. Mirror  
Mount 25-337



### 20-474 Elliptical Mirror

22.4 x 31 x 3.5  
Clear Aperture = 22.4  
Protected Aluminum Coating  
For tiltable mirror mount 50-337  
Works with Microptic 50/40.



### 20-478 Elliptical Mirror

47 x 67 x 10 mm  
Clear Aperture = 47  
Protected Aluminum Coating  
For Miniopic 45 Deg. Mirror  
mount 100-342



### 20-454 Elliptical Beamsplitter

**Mirror 50/50** 20x28x3.2 mm  
BK7, 1/4 Wave

**20-456 Elliptical Beamsplitter**  
**Mirror 50/50** 22.4x31x3.5 mm  
BK7, 1/2 Wave

**20-458 Elliptical Beamsplitter**  
**Mirror 50/50** 48x67x10 mm  
BK7, 1/2 Wave



### 20-466 Round Flat Mirror

24 mm Clear Ap, 1/10 Wave  
Quartz, 25 Ø x 5 mm, **Mount 30**



### 20-462 Flat Mirror Mount 25

Clear Ap: 21.4 mm, 1/4 Wave  
BK-7, Protected Aluminum

### 20-468 Flat Round Mirror

48 mm Clear Ap, 1/10 Wave  
Quartz, 50 Ø x 8 mm, **Mount 60**  
Works with Miniopic 100-340

### 20-464 Flat Mirror Mount 25

Clear Ap: 21.4 mm, 1/10 Wave  
Quartz, Protected Aluminum  
Mirrors are 24.4Ø x 5 mm

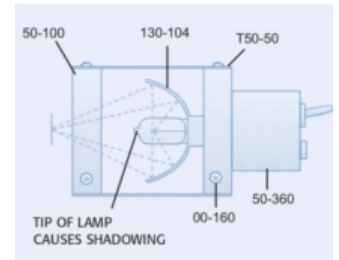
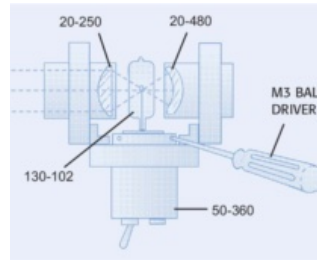


**20-480 Concave Mirror**  $f = -10$   
Protected Aluminum, 2 Waves



**20-482 Concave Mirror**  $f = -16$   
Protected Aluminum, 2 Waves

**20-490 Concave Mirror**  $f = -50$   
All in Mount 25, Clear Ap = 21.4



## Polarization Optics

**20-408 Polarizing Cube Beamsplitter**  
20 x 20 x 20 mm



**20-410 Polarizing Cube Beamsplitter**  
25 x 25 x 25 mm

**20-610 Half Wave Plate**

Made of polymer sandwiched between two glass plates,  
Clear Aperture: 11.5 mm  
May be utilized with rotary mount 50-172, or handling ring 25-200.



**20-612 Quarter Wave Plate**

Made of polymer sandwiched between two glass plates,  
Clear Aperture: 11.5 mm  
May be utilized with rotary mount 50-172, or handling ring 25-200.



**20-600 Glass Polarizer Mnt 25**

Glass protected polarizer,  
Clearance Aperture: 21.4 mm  
May be utilized with rotary mount 50-172, or handling ring 25-200.



**20-602 Glass Polarizer Mount 60**

Glass protected polarizer,  
Clearance Aperture: 48 mm  
May be secured to Micromax 60 tubing. The fine thread may be utilized for rotation, with 1 degree resolution. For Mini/Macropic 100/150 system.



## Diffusers

**20-620 Glass Diffuser Mnt 25**  
Clear Aperture: 21.4 mm



**20-430 Opal Diffuser Mnt 25**  
Clear Aperture: 21.4 mm



**20-622 Glass Diffuser Mnt 30**  
Clear Aperture: 24 mm

**20-624 Glass Diffuser 50**  
Unmounted, 50 Ø x 3 mm

**20-632 Opal Diffuser 50**  
Unmounted, 50 Ø x 3 mm

## Pinholes / Slits

**20-752 Pinhole 10 μm**  
Thin Stainless Steel film  
For Spatial Filters



**20-756 Pinhole 250 μm**  
Thin Stainless Steel  
For Alignment applications

**20-762 Slit 0.2 mm**  
Thin Steel Sheet  
For Spectroscopy experiments  
May be combined with handling ring 25-200 for easier usage.



## Fiber Optics

### 20-500 FC Face Plate Mount 25

Tiltable face Plate for connectorized FC- typecables. Includes 0-80 ball driver for tilt alignment.



### 20-502 ST Face Plate Mount 25

Tiltable face Plate for connectorized ST- type cables. Includes 0-80 ball driver for tilt alignment.



### 20-504 SMA Face Plate Mount 25

Tiltable face Plate for connectorized SMA- typecables. Includes 0-80 ball driver for tilt alignment.



### 20-522 FC Bare Fiber Chuck

Has internal micro chuck to secure bare fibers.



### 20-506 FC Connector with X-Y

Fiber optics XY stage for FC type connectorized fiber cables. Includes 0-80 ball driver for tilt alignment.



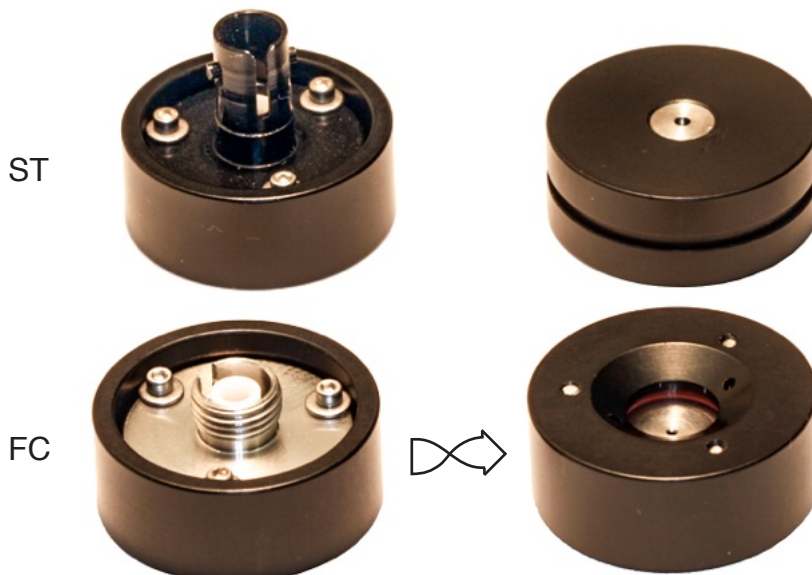
### 20-508 SMA Connector with X-Y

Fiber optics XY stage for ST type connectorized fiber cables. Includes 0-80 ball driver for tilt alignment.



### 20-510 ST Connector with X-Y

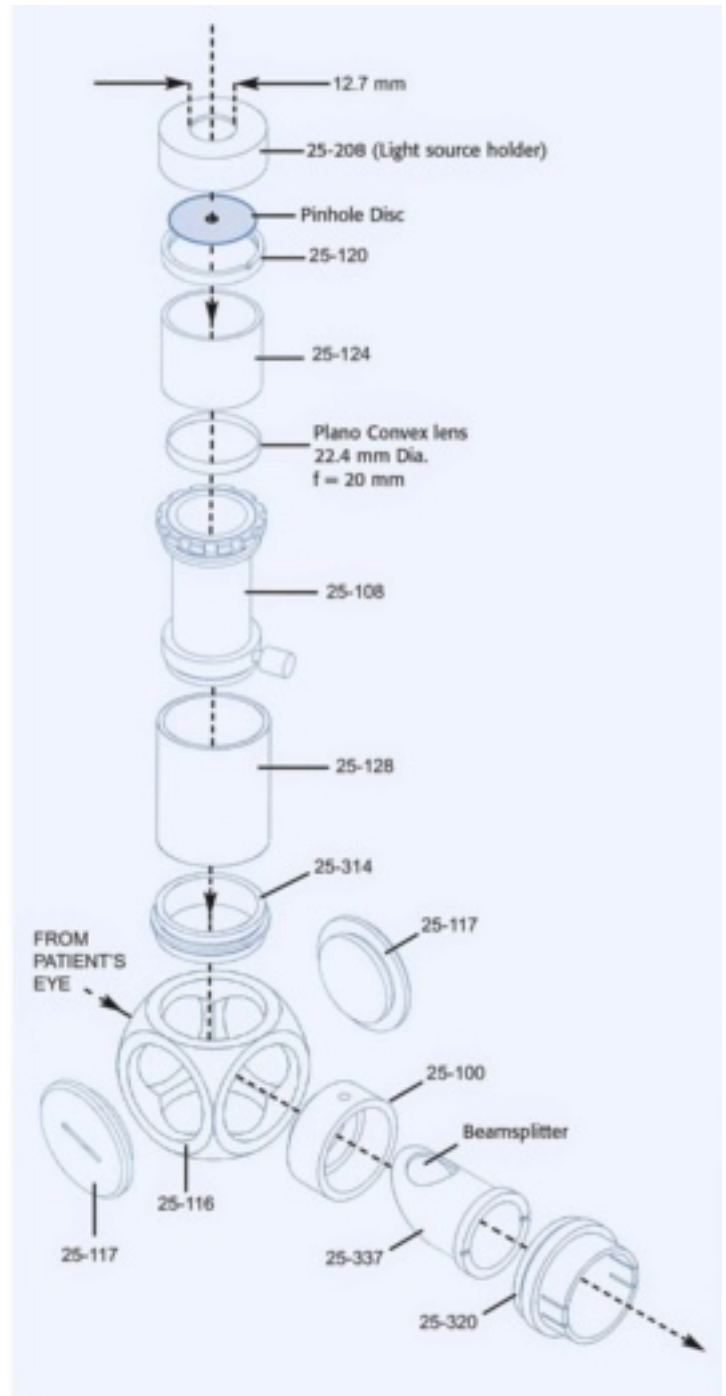
Fiber optics XY stage for SMA type connectorized fiber cables. Includes 0-80 ball driver for tilt alignment.

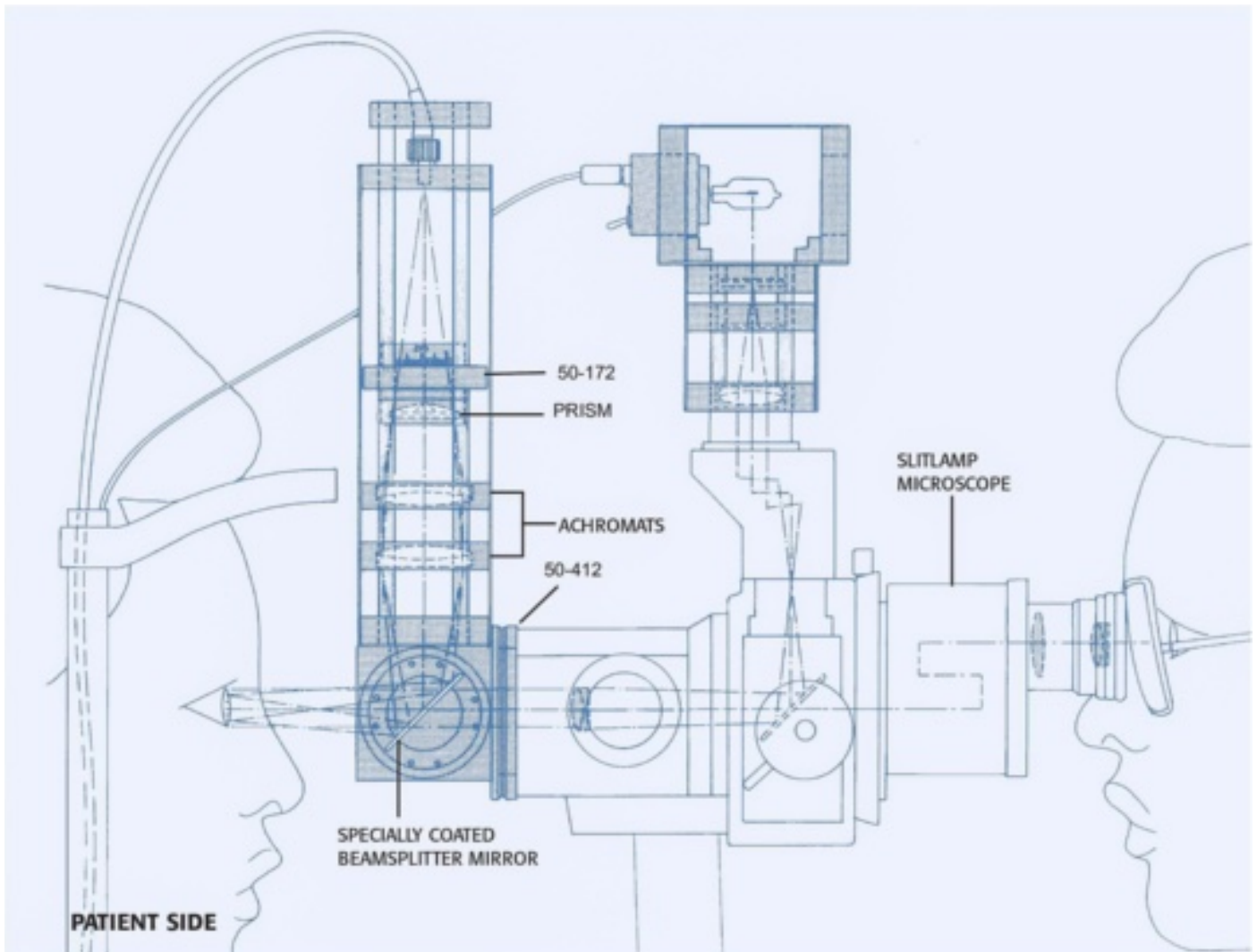


FC

## Applications of Optoform Concept in Biomedical Optics

A point of fixation is constructed with Micromax 25 to assist a physician to maintain the patient's eyesight at the center of field of view of a Phoptopter. The Phoptopter adapter 25-320 is designed to fit the front aperture of a standard Phoroapter. Beamsplitter holder 25-340 with a relatively wide 18 mm clear aperture helps to maximize the field of view of patient's eyesight. The plano convex lens projects image of the pinhole at infinity. The point source is a battery powered light source with 0.5" mounting diameter. The graduated focusing mount 25-108 allows the necessary adjustments to be made from the light source to patient's eyesight.





In this laser eye surgery system, a laser beam is first delivered to top of a vertical column via an optical fiber. Inside the column a Mutli-faceted pyramid prism is rotated and translated vertically for beam manipulation.

This arrangement calls for a combination of support rods, and slotted T50 tubing which would allow the user to control both vertical, and position and limited rotation of 50-172 rotary stage from out side of the tubing.

The interface to the slit lamp microscope (in this case, Nikon), was made possible by a custom mount 50-412 which may be ordered for a specific brand.

## Mounting Tolerances



While inside optics cells, optical elements are easily identifiable, they are unscratchable, they are easy to use, they are easy to store, and the optics will stay clean because they are not touched by hands. They are also centered inside the mounts with reasonable seating tolerances  $\pm 0.07$  mm. Mounting tolerance of 25 mm lens cells placed inside Optoform mounts is better than  $\pm 0.05$  mm. The centration of Microptic 50 mounts along the rods is better than  $\pm 0.02$ .